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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/597,537	07/28/2006	Bernardus Hendrikus Hendriks	NL040290US1	2433
24737 PHII IPS INTE	7590 06/10/200 ELLECTUAL PROPER	EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 3001			SCHWARTZ, JORDAN MARC	
BRIARCLIFF	MANOR, NY 10510		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2873	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/10/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/597,537	HENDRIKS ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Jordan M. Schwartz	2873	

	Jordan M. Schwartz	2873					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 03 June 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
 X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	the same day as filing a Notice of A replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request				
The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth i ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	n.				
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(FIRST REPLY WAS FI	LED WITHIN TW				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period value of 27 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL.	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.13 tension and the corresponding amount of thortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	s of the date of appeal. Since				
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>							
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, t They raise new issues that would require further cor They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo 	nsideration and/or search (see NOT		cause				
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or		lucing or simplifying th	ne issues for				
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a on NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Cor	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	See Continuation Sheet.						
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).							
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		be entered and an e	xplanation of				
Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: 10,11 and 13-20. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	l and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after er	ntry is below or attach	ed.				
 The request for reconsideration has been considered bu <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).						
	/Jordan M. Schwartz/	-it 2072					
	Primary Examiner, Art U	NIT 28/3					

Continuation of 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): the 112 rejections of claims 10 and 19 set forth in the prior office action

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

With respect to Kuiper, applicant first argues that "the entrance window that contacts a fluid does not have a curvature which is the same curvature (assumed to mean the same sign) as the meniscus between the very same fluid and another fluid: wever, Kuiper does discloses this. Specifically, for example in figure 7 of Kuiper, entrance window "72" contacts fluid "B" (Adel Figure 7, the right side surface of vindow" 72" to rotact with fluid "B"). This surface is convex to the image side regardless of voltage. Additionally, meniscus "64" is a meniscus formed between fluids "A" and "B". This surface is likewise convex to the image side when no voltage is applied. Both have in common fluid "B". Therefore, the entrance window that contacts fluid "B" does have the same curvature is, the meniscus (meniscus "64") between the very same fluid is, fluid "B" and fluid "A". Based on the claim language, Kuiper clearly reads on both independent claims 1 and 19 (as well as the deenedent claims set forth in the office action).

Applicant further argues that these claims are directed to a specific meniscus, namely the meniscus between the fluid that contacts the surface of the window and another fluid. Applicant further argues that meniscus "64" is not the meniscus between the fluid that contacts the surface of the entrance window and another fluid. However, applicant is arguing a limitation that has not been claimed. Specifically, the independent claims are broadly claiming "the chamber comprising a first fluid, a second fluid, in contact over a meniscus extending transverse". Nowhere is it claiming that this meniscus is that between the surface that contacts the entrance window and another fluid. Therefore, based on the broad language of the claim, meniscus "64" is a meniscus between the first fluid (fluid "74") extending transverse. The claim then claims that the entrance window (window "72") has a surface in contact with the first fluid in a fluid "16." is fluid "16." is the surface of window "72" is not claim then claims that the surface of window "72" is not claim that the first fluid ". As stated above, the image side surface of window "72" is not claim that the first fluid "16." As called the claims of the claims that the surface is contact with fluid "91" is, is "in contact with the first fluid". As stated above, the image side surface of window "72" is not called the claims of "menicous" is menicous "64".

With reference to Tsuboi, the same arguments set forth above are likewise applicable. Additionally, applicant argues that the entrance surface of Tsuboi (figure 10A) is on the left side i.e. the surface in contact with air. However, applicant is broadly claiming "a first lens having a chamber having an entrance surface". Nowhere is it claimed that the entrance surface need be in contact with air. As per the examiner's rejection in the prior office action, the examiner is considering the chamber to be the inner portion of lens 10A that contains fluids "6" and "9". Therefore, the entrance surface of the chamber is the inner surface of container 7 that is in contact with fluid "8". As disclosed in figure 10A, this surface has a curvature and is of the same sign as that of the meniscus between fluids "8" and "9".